

Attachment A

Recommended Conditions of Consent
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SCHEDULE 1

CONDITIONS OF CONSENT

PART A - GENERAL

(1) APPROVED DEVELOPMENT

- (a) Development must be in accordance with Development Application No. D/2023/55 dated 31 January 2023 and the following drawings prepared by Luton Design Space Design Studio:

Drawing Number	Drawing Name	Date
100.A	Location Plan	07/06/23
101	Material List 1	07/06/23
102	Drawing Title	07/06/23
102.1	Location Plan Level 10	07/06/23
102.2	Location Plan Level 11	07/06/23
102.A	Demolition Plan Level 10	07/06/23
102.B	Demolition Plan Level 11	07/06/23
103.A	Shop Level 1 Layout	07/06/23
103.B	Shop Level 2 Layout	07/06/23
104.A	Shop Level 1 Dim Plan	07/06/23
102.A	Equipment List 1	13/06/23
102.B	Equipment List 2	13/06/23
104.B	Shop Level 2 Dim Plan	07/06/23
105.A	Shop Level 1 Layout	07/06/23
105.B	Shop Layout Level 2	07/06/23
106.A	Shop Level 1 Layout	07/06/23

Drawing Number	Drawing Name	Date
106.B	Shop Layout Level 2	07/06/23
201	Shop Section	07/06/23
202	Shop Section	07/06/23
301	Shop Section	07/06/23
302	Shop Section	07/06/23
303	Shop Section	07/06/23
303.C	Shop Section	07/06/23

and as amended by the conditions of this consent.

- (b) In the event of any inconsistency between the approved plans and supplementary documentation, the plans will prevail.

Reason

To ensure all parties are aware of the approved plans and supporting documentation that applies to the development.

(2) WASTE AND RECYCLING MANAGEMENT - GENERAL

The proposal must comply with the relevant provisions of Council's *Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments 2018* which requires facilities to promote the efficient storage, separation, collection and handling of waste to maximise resources recovery.

Reason

To ensure that waste and recycling is appropriately managed.

(3) NO CHARCOAL OR SOLID FUEL COOKING

No charcoal or solid fuel cooking is approved as part of this application.

For the purpose of this condition solid fuel cooking should be defined as any solid material used as a fuel to produce energy and provide heating through combustion for the purpose of cooking. Solid fuels will include but are not limited to wood, charcoal, peat, coal etc.

Reason

To restrict the provision of charcoal or solid fuel cooking on the premises.

(4) SIGNS - SEPARATE DA REQUIRED

- (a) A separate development application for any signs must be submitted to and approved by Council prior to the erection or display of any such signs.
- (b) The signage zones sought under this application are to:
 - (i) Not cover the full extent of the signage zone areas.
 - (ii) Comply with controls are relevant controls in the Sydney DCP 2012.

Reason

To require separate consent to be obtained for any additional signs.

(5) SECTION 7.12 CONTRIBUTIONS PAYABLE – SUBMITTED AND VERIFIED PRIOR TO ISSUE OF CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

A monetary contribution is payable to the City of Sydney pursuant to Section 7.12 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and the *Central Sydney Development Contributions Plan 2020*.

The Section 7.12 levy is determined by the development cost, as per the following table:

Development cost *	Levy
<i>* Refer to Section 2.3 of the Central Sydney Development Contributions Plan 2020 for information on determining the development cost.</i>	
Up to and including \$250,000	NIL
More than \$250,000, up to and including \$500,000	1%
More than \$500,000, up to and including \$1,000,000	2%
More than \$1,000,000	3%

The Section 7.12 levy is payable to the City of Sydney in accordance with the following:

- (a) Prior to a Construction Certificate being issued, evidence must be provided of Council's written verification of the amount of the contribution as required in (b) below, and that the levy has been paid to the Council in accordance with this condition. Payment may be by EFTPOS (debit card only), CASH or a BANK CHEQUE made payable to the City of Sydney. Direct debit, personal or company cheques will not be accepted.
- (b) The contribution must not be paid to the City of Sydney until it is accompanied by separate written verification by the City of Sydney of the specific amount payable. In order to obtain such verification, one of the following must be submitted:
 - (i) **For development between \$250,000 and \$3,000,000** – the City of Sydney *Cost Summary Report* must be completed by a suitably qualified person such as the Project Architect or Project Manager and submitted to the City of Sydney together with the copies of the plans the subject of the application for the Construction Certificate. An electronic copy of the *Cost Summary Report* is available from the City's website at www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au; or
 - (ii) **For development more than \$3,000,000** – The City of Sydney *Registered Quantity Surveyor's Detailed Cost Report* must be completed by a Quantity Surveyor registered with the Australian Institute of Quantity Surveyors or a person who can demonstrate an equivalent qualification and submitted to the City of Sydney together with the copies of the plans the subject of the application for the Construction Certificate. An electronic copy of the *Registered Quantity Surveyor's Detailed Cost Report* is available from the City's website at www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au.
- (c) The Council will consider the documentation submitted under subclause (b) and determine the cost of the proposed development having regard to the information submitted and to such other matters as it considers appropriate and will notify the Registered Certifier accordingly.
- (d) The development cost is to be determined in accordance with Section 2.3 of the Central Sydney Development Contributions Plan 2020, located in the version in force at the date of the grant of this consent.

Please contact Council's Planning Administration staff at Planningsystemsadmin@cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au to request a written Statement of Contributions Owing, prior to payment.

Reason

To ensure development contributions are paid to address the increased demand for public facilities, amenities, and services in Central Sydney by a growing residential and workforce population.

PART B – BEFORE THE ISSUE OF A CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

(6) COMPLIANCE WITH THE ACOUSTIC REPORT PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION AND OR OCCUPATION CERTIFICATES

- (a) All relevant performance parameters (including but not limited to requirements, engineering assumptions and recommendations) in the DA Acoustic Report prepared by Acouras consultancy, dated 15 June 2023, ref Syd2022-1162-R001G, titled KTV@ World Square- Acoustic Assessment of Karaoke Bar and Club Council Ref 2023/413410 must be implemented in the development prior to the commencement of its use.
- (b) Prior to the issue of any relevant Construction Certificate, the final construction drawings and final construction methodology must be assessed and reported to be in accordance with the requirements of the DA Acoustic Report in (a) above, with reference to relevant documentation. This must be done by a Suitably Qualified Acoustic Consultant* (see definition below). This work will be to the satisfaction of the Registered Certifier.
- (c) Prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate, a Suitably Qualified Acoustic Consultant* is to provide a written Acoustic Verification Report to the satisfaction of the Principal Certifier that the development complies with the requirements set out in the Report and in (a) and (b) above.

Note: Suitably Qualified Acoustic Consultant means a consultant who possesses the qualifications to join the Australian Acoustical Society, Institution of Engineers Australia (grade of member) or the Association of Australasian Acoustical Consultants (grade of member firm).

- (d) All physical aspects of the building's structure installed in order to meet performance parameters in accordance with this condition must be maintained at all times.

Reason

To ensure all parties are aware of the supporting documentation that applies to the development.

(7) CONSTRUCTION AND FITOUT OF FOOD PREMISES

The construction, fit-out and finishes of the food premises must comply with Standard 3.2.3 of the Australian and New Zealand Food Standards Code under the *Food Act 2003* and AS 4674 – 2004 Design, Construction and Fit-out of Food Premises.

Note: Copies of AS 4674-2004 may be obtained from the Standards Australia Customer Service on telephone 1300 65 46 46 or by visiting the website www.standards.com.au.

Copies of the Food Standards Code (Australia) may be obtained by contacting the Food Standards Australia and New Zealand Authority on telephone (02) 6271 2222, email info@foodstandards.gov.au or by visiting the website www.foodstandards.gov.au

Reason

To ensure the construction, fitout and finishes of the food premises comply with relevant standards.

(8) SANITARY FACILITIES – FOOD PREMISES

The sanitary facilities must be separated from all food handling areas via an airlock, self-closing door or mechanical ventilation in accordance with the provisions of the *National Construction Code (previously known as Building Code of Australia)*, Part F 3.1, 4.8 and 4.9.

Reason

To ensure sanitary facilities comply with relevant standards to protect food handling areas.

(9) PERSONAL LOCKERS

Clothing lockers or change rooms for staff must be provided in the premises or a dedicated, separate and isolated space for personal items must be provided in a separate location to the food handling and storage areas, in accordance with *AS4674 - Design, Construction and Fit out of Food Premises*.

Reason

To ensure appropriate personal lockers are provided for staff.

(10) WASTE STORAGE AREA

- (a) To ensure the adequate storage and collection of waste from the food premises, all garbage and recyclable materials emanating from the premises must be stored in a designated waste storage area. The waste storage area must be designed and constructed in accordance with *AS 4674 – Design, Construction and Fit-out of Food Premises, Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code 3.2.3 – Food Premises and Equipment* and comply with the *Council Policy for Waste Minimisation in New Developments*, and must be:
- (i) Provided with a hose tap connected to the water supply.
 - (ii) Paved with impervious floor materials.
 - (iii) Coved at the intersection of the floor and walls.
 - (iv) Graded and drained to a waste disposal system in accordance with the requirements of the relevant regulatory authority (Sydney Water).
 - (v) Adequately ventilated (mechanically or naturally) so that odour emissions do not cause offensive odour or air pollution as defined by the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* or a nuisance.
 - (vi) Provided with the appropriate number and size of bins adequate for the storage of waste generated by the business, including recycling.

- (vii) Appropriately managed to Council's satisfaction so that it does not attract pests or create litter.

Note: Fitted with appropriate interventions to meet fire safety standards in accordance with the *Building Code of Australia*.

- (b) Detailed plans and specifications for the construction of the waste storage area must be submitted to and approved by the Registered Certifier prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate and must be constructed in accordance with such plans and specifications prior to the issuance of any Occupation Certificate.

Reason

To ensure the adequate storage and collection of waste from the food premises.

(11) COOLROOMS

Coolrooms, refrigerated chambers and strong-rooms must be constructed in accordance with G 1.2 of the *National Construction Code (previously known as Building Code of Australia)*, and:(a) The floor of the coolroom must be graded to the door and a floor trapped waste outlet must be located outside the coolroom as near as possible to the door opening.

- (b) All proposed shelving in the coolroom must be free-standing, constructed of galvanised steel angle section or other approved material with the lowest shelf at least 150mm clear of the floor.
- (c) The floor of the coolroom must be constructed of impermeable concrete or coated, topped or otherwise finished with an impervious material to a smooth even surface and coved at the intersections with the walls to a minimum radius of 25mm.
- (d) Must be fitted with a door that can be opened at all times from inside without a key.
- (e) An approved audible alarm device must be located outside the coolroom(s) but controllable only from within the coolroom(s) and must be able to achieve a sound pressure level outside the chamber or coolroom(s) of 90 dB(A) when measured 3 metres from a sounding device.

Reason

To ensure coolrooms are constructed appropriately in accordance with relevant standards.

(12) GREASE AND LIQUID WASTE TRAPS

- (a) A grease trap as required by Sydney Water must be installed in accordance with the relevant Sydney Water requirements.
- (b) Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, plans and details are to be submitted to and approved by the Registered Certifier showing the following:

- (c) The grease trap is not located in any kitchen, food preparation or food storage areas;
 - (i) The grease trap is constructed and installed in a location which allows it to be easily and effectively cleaned and emptied; and
 - (ii) The grease trap is constructed and located as not to encourage the harbourage of pests and be effectively pest proofed.

Note: In-sink and in-floor waste bucket traps must be installed in all sinks and floor wastes in all commercial kitchens and food preparation areas. The installation of any grease traps and treatment equipment must be carried out by a suitably qualified and licensed plumber in accordance with the *Plumbing Code of Australia*.

Reason

To ensure grease and liquid waste traps are installed in accordance with relevant requirements.

(13) MECHANICAL VENTILATION

- (a) The premises must be ventilated in accordance with the *Building Code of Australia* and *AS1668.1 and AS1668.2 - The Use of Ventilation and Air-conditioning in Buildings - Mechanical Ventilation in Buildings*.
- (b) Details of any mechanical ventilation and/or air conditioning system complying with *AS1668.1 and AS1668.2 - The Use of Ventilation and Air-conditioning in Buildings - Mechanical Ventilation in Buildings*, the *Building Code of Australia* and relevant Australian Standards must be prepared and certified in accordance with Clause A5.2(1)(e) of the *Building Code of Australia*, to the satisfaction of the Registered Certifier prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.
- (c) Prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate and following the completion, installation, and testing of all the mechanical ventilation systems, a Mechanical Ventilation Certificate of Completion and Performance in accordance with Clause A5.2(1)(e) of the *Building Code of Australia*, must be submitted to the Principal Certifier.

Reason

To ensure the ventilation complies with relevant standards.

(14) WASTE AND RECYCLING MANAGEMENT - COMMERCIAL

- (a) The Waste and Recycling Management Plan accompanying this Development Application has been approved by this consent (Trim reference: 2023/055423).
- (b) All requirements of the approved Waste and Recycling Management Plan must be implemented during construction and operation of the development and include:

- (i) Dedicated space to be provided within the development for the storage and recycling of bulky waste, problem waste, strip out and food waste.
- (ii) Collection points for waste and recycling must be wholly located within the boundary of the development.
- (iii) The nominated waste and recycling storage areas must be constructed to meet the relevant conditions required by the City's *Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments 2018*.
- (iv) Provision and storage within the boundary of the development of waste and recycling receptacles and any bulky waste at all times.
- (v) Commercial tenancies must have a commercial waste contract(s) in place prior to commencement of business trading.
- (vi) The path of travel between the bin storage areas/bulky waste storage areas and the designated waste/recycling collection point is to have a minimum 1,200mm wall-to-wall clearance, be slip-proof, of a hard surface, be free of obstructions and at no point have a gradient exceeding 1:14. The use of a lift is permitted, but consideration should be given to the inclusion of a service lift in this instance.

Note: The building manager/strata title manager or body corporate is responsible for ensuring all tenants are kept informed regarding Council's policies, and best practice waste and recycling source separation.

UPON COMPLETION OF THE DEVELOPMENT

- (c) Prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued or the use commencing, whichever is earlier, the Principal Certifier must ensure that waste handling works have been completed in accordance with: the Waste and Recycling Management Plan; other relevant development consent conditions; and Council's *Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments 2018*.

Reason

To ensure that waste and recycling is appropriately managed.

(15) INSTALLATION OF DUAL-FLUSH TOILETS

All toilets installed within the development must be of water efficient dual-flush or other water-saving capacity with at least a 4-star rating under the Water Efficiency and Labelling Scheme (WELS). The details must be submitted for the approval of the Registered Certifier, prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

Reason

To ensure the provision of water efficient toilets.

(16) INSTALLATION OF WATER EFFICIENT TAPS

All taps and shower heads installed must be water efficient with at least a 4-star rating under the Water Efficiency and Labelling Scheme (WELS). The details are to be submitted for the approval of the Principal Certifier, prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued.

Reason

To ensure the provision of water efficient taps.

(17) INSTALLATION OF WATER EFFICIENT URINALS

New urinal suites, urinals and urinal flushing control mechanisms must use waterless technology. Where it is submitted that this is not feasible, it must be demonstrated that products have been selected with at least a 4-star rating under the Water Efficiency and Labelling Scheme (WELS). Systems must include "smart controls" to reduce unnecessary flushing. Continuous flushing systems are not approved. Details are to be submitted to and approved by the Registered Certifier, prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

Reason

To ensure the provision of water efficient urinals.

PART C – BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF BUILDING WORK

There are no conditions relevant to Part C.

PART D – WHILE BUILDING WORK IS BEING CARRIED OUT

(18) HOURS OF WORK AND NOISE – CBD

The hours of construction and work on the development must be as follows:

- (a) All work, including demolition, excavation and building work, and activities in the vicinity of the site generating noise associated with preparation for the commencement of work (eg loading and unloading of goods, transferring of tools etc) in connection with the proposed development must only be carried out between the hours of 7.00am and 7.00pm on Mondays to Fridays, inclusive, and 7.00am and 5.00pm on Saturdays, and no work must be carried out on Sundays or public holidays.
- (b) All work, including demolition, excavation and building work must comply with the *City of Sydney Code of Practice for Construction Hours/Noise 1992* and Australian Standard 2436-2010 *Guide to Noise Control on Construction, Maintenance and Demolition Sites*.
- (c) Notwithstanding the above, the use of a crane for special operations, including the delivery of materials, hoisting of plant and equipment and erection and dismantling of on site tower cranes which warrant the on-street use of mobile cranes outside of above hours can occur, subject to a separate application being submitted to and approved by Council under Section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 and Sections 138/139 of the Roads Act 1993.

Note: Works may be undertaken outside of hours, where it is required to avoid the loss of life, damage to property, to prevent environmental harm and/or to avoid structural damage to the building. Written approval must be given by the Construction Regulation Team, prior to works proceeding.

The *City of Sydney Code of Practice for Construction Hours/Noise 1992* allows extended working hours subject to the approval of an application in accordance with the Code and under Section 4.55 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*.

Reason

To protect the amenity of the surrounding area.

(19) COMPLIANCE WITH NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE

All proposed work must comply with the *National Construction Code (previously known as Building Code of Australia)*.

Reason

Prescribed under Clause 69(1) of the EP&A Regulation 2021.

(20) ASBESTOS REMOVAL WORKS

- (a) All works removing asbestos containing materials must be carried out by a suitably licensed asbestos removalist duly licensed with Safework NSW, holding either a Friable (Class A) or a Non-Friable (Class B) Asbestos Removal Licence which ever applies.

A copy of the relevant licence must be made available to any authorised Council officer on request within 24 hours.

- (b) Five days prior to the commencement of licensed asbestos removal, Safework NSW must be formally notified of the works. All adjoining properties and those opposite the development must be notified in writing of the dates and times when asbestos removal is to be conducted. The notification must identify the licensed asbestos removal contractor and include a contact person for the site together with telephone number and email address.
- (c) All work must be carried out in accordance with the *Work Health and Safety Regulation 2017* and the NSW Government and SafeWork NSW document entitled *How to manage and control asbestos in the work place: Code of Practice (Safework NSW) December 2011* and the *City of Sydney Managing Asbestos Policy dated 21 October 2013 and associated guidelines*.
- (d) The asbestos removalist must use signs and barricades to clearly indicate the area where the asbestos removal work is being performed. Signs must be placed in positions so that people are aware of where the asbestos removal work area is and should remain in place until removal is completed and clearance to reoccupy has been granted. Responsibilities for the security and safety of the asbestos removal site and removal must be specified in the asbestos removal control plan (where required). This includes inaccessible areas that are likely to contain asbestos.
- (e) Warning signs must be placed so they inform all people nearby that asbestos removal work is taking place in the area. Signs must be placed at all of the main entry points to the asbestos removal work area where asbestos is present. These signs must be weatherproof, constructed of light-weight material and adequately secured so they remain in prominent locations. The signs must be in accordance with AS 1319 -1994 *Safety Signs for the Occupational Environment* for size, illumination, location and maintenance.
- (f) Asbestos waste must only be transported and disposed of at an EPA licensed waste facility.
- (g) No asbestos products are to be reused on the site (i.e. packing pieces, spacers, formwork or fill etc).
- (h) No asbestos laden skips or bins are to be left in any public place without the written approval of Council.
- (i) A site notice board must be located at the main entrance to the site in a prominent position and must have minimum dimensions of 841mm x 594mm (A1) with any text on the notice to be a minimum of 30 point type size.

The site notice board must include the following:

- (i) contact person for the site;
- (ii) telephone and facsimile numbers and email address; and
- (iii) site activities and time frames.

Reason

To ensure that the handling and removal of asbestos from the site is appropriately managed.

(21) COVERING OF LOADS

All vehicles involved in the excavation and/or demolition process and departing the property with demolition materials, spoil or loose matter must have their loads fully covered before entering the public roadway.

Reason

To ensure loads are managed appropriately and do not impact local amenity.

(22) LOADING AND UNLOADING DURING CONSTRUCTION

The following requirements apply:

- (a) All loading and unloading associated with construction activity must be accommodated on site, where possible.
- (b) If, it is not feasible for loading and unloading to take place on site, a Works Zone on the street may be considered by Council.
- (c) A Works Zone may be required if loading and unloading is not possible on site. If a Works Zone is warranted an application must be made to Council at least 8 weeks prior to commencement of work on the site. An approval for a Works Zone may be given for a specific period and certain hours of the days to meet the particular need for the site for such facilities at various stages of construction. The approval will be reviewed periodically for any adjustment necessitated by the progress of the construction activities.
- (d) Where hoisting activity over the public place is proposed to be undertaken including hoisting from a Works Zone, a separate application under Section 68 of the Local Government Act 1993 and Sections 138/139 of the Roads Act 1993 must be submitted to and approved by Council.

Reason

To protect the amenity of the public domain.

(23) NO OBSTRUCTION OF PUBLIC WAY

Unless otherwise approved by Council, the public way must not be obstructed by any materials, vehicles, waste receptacles, skip-bins or the like. Non-compliance with this requirement may result in the issue of a notice by Council to stop all work on the site.

Reason

To protect the amenity of the public domain.

PART E – BEFORE THE ISSUE OF AN OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE

(24) WASTE AND RECYCLING COLLECTION CONTRACT

Prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued, the building owner must ensure that there is a contract with a licensed contractor for the removal of all waste. Waste is to be stored and collected from within the curtilage of the site at all times.

Reason

To ensure that waste and recycling is appropriately managed.

PART F – OCCUPATION AND ONGOING USE

(25) OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE TO BE SUBMITTED

An Occupation Certificate must be obtained from the Principal Certifier and a copy submitted to Council prior to commencement of occupation or use of the whole or any part of a new building, an altered portion of, or an extension to an existing building.

Reason

To ensure the site is authorised for occupation.

(26) TRADING HOURS – SENSITIVE USES

The hours of operation are regulated as follows:

- (a) The hours of operation must be restricted to between:
 - (i) *Indoor nightclub and karaoke bar*: 8pm to 12am midnight, Monday to Sunday.
 - (ii) *Indoor café*: 11am to 8pm, Monday to Sunday.
 - (iii) *Outdoor seating area*: 11am to 10pm, Monday to Sunday.
- (b) Notwithstanding (a) above, the use may operate between:
 - (i) *Indoor nightclub and karaoke bar*: 12am midnight to 2am (the following day), Monday to Sunday.
 - (ii) *Outdoor seating area*: 10pm to 12am midnight, Monday to Sunday.

for a trial period of 1 year from the date of issue of the Occupation Certificate. Council's Health and Building Unit is to be informed in writing of the date of commencement of the trial hours. Email notification is to be sent to liquor@cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au

- (c) Should the operator seek to continue the extended operating hours outlined in (b) above, an application must be lodged with Council not less than 30 days before the end of the trial period. Council's consideration of a proposed continuation and/or extension of the hours permitted by the trial will be based on, among other things, the performance of the operator in relation to the compliance with development consent conditions, any substantiated complaints received and any views expressed by the Police.

Reason

To ensure the premises operates within the approved hours of operation.

(27) MAXIMUM CAPACITY OF PERSONS

- (a) The maximum number of persons (including staff, patrons and performers) permitted in the premises at any one time is 640 persons.

- (b) The maximum number of persons for tenancy 10.41 on Level 10 is 320 persons, and the maximum number of persons for tenancy 11.05 on Level 11 is 320 persons. The capacity for each area must not exceed the maximum numbers at any given time.
- (c) The manager/licensee is responsible for ensuring the number of persons in the premises does not exceed that specified above.
- (d) A sign in letters not less than 25mm in height must be fixed at the main entry point to the premises alongside the Licensee's name stating the maximum number of persons, as specified in the development consent, that are permitted in the building. Details are to be provided to the satisfaction of the Accredited Certifier prior to issue of a Construction Certificate and the Principal Certifier is to confirm compliance prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate.

Note: Clause 73 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021* requires a sign specifying maximum number of persons permitted in the building to be displayed in a prominent position for the following types of premises:

- (i) entertainment venue,
- (ii) function centre,
- (iii) pub,
- (iv) registered club,
- (v) restaurant.

Reason

To ensure the premises can safely accommodate patrons, staff and performers and safeguard the amenity of the surrounding neighbourhood.

(28) NOISE - ENTERTAINMENT

- (a) The $L_{Aeq, 15 \text{ minute}}$ noise level from the use must not exceed the background noise level ($L_{A90, 15 \text{ minute}}$) in any octave band (reference frequency 31.5 Hz to 8 kHz inclusive) by more than 5dB between 7.00am and 12.00 midnight when assessed at the boundary of any residential accommodation or tourist and visitor accommodation.
- (b) The $L_{Aeq, 15 \text{ minute}}$ noise level from the use must not exceed the background noise level ($L_{A90, 15 \text{ minute}}$) in any octave band (reference frequency 31.5 Hz to 8 kHz inclusive) between 12.00 midnight and 7.00am when assessed at the boundary of any residential accommodation or tourist and visitor accommodation.
- (c) Notwithstanding (a) above, the $L_{Aeq, 15 \text{ minute}}$ noise level from the use must not exceed the greater of the following levels between 7am and 12 midnight inside any habitable room of a residential accommodation or tourist and visitor accommodation, or at any time in an affected commercial premises:

- (i) The existing internal $L_{A90, 15 \text{ minute}}$ (from external sources excluding the use) in any octave band (reference frequency 31.5 Hz to 8 kHz inclusive). Or,
 - (ii) If the $L_{Z90, 15 \text{ minute}}$ background level is below the hearing threshold curve (Tf - Table 1 of ISO 226 : 2003) in an above octave band, the lowest audible sound level (L_p) of the Tf curve in that octave band shall become that octave's $L_{Zeq, 15 \text{ minute}}$ noise criteria level.
- (d) Notwithstanding (b) above, the $L_{A1, 15 \text{ minute}}$ noise level from the use must not exceed the greater of the following sound pressure levels inside any habitable room between 12 midnight and 7am inside any habitable room of an affected residential accommodation or tourist and visitor accommodation:
- (i) The existing internal $L_{A90, 15 \text{ minute}}$ (from external sources excluding the use) minus 10 dB in any octave band (reference frequency 31.5 Hz to 8 kHz inclusive) inside a habitable room of an affected residential accommodation or tourist and visitor accommodation. Or,
 - (ii) If the $L_{Z90, 15 \text{ minute}}$ minus 10 dB level is below the hearing threshold curve (Tf - Table 1 of ISO 226 : 2003) in an above octave band, the lowest audible sound level (L_p) of the Tf curve in that octave band shall become that octave's $L_{Z1, 15 \text{ minute}}$ noise criteria level.

Note: L_{eq} , L_{01} , and L_{90} , metrics and 'A' (weightings) are as per the definitions in the standard AS1055-20148. 'Z' means unweighted noise. An internal L_{A90} level must be determined in the absence of noise emitted by the use and be sufficiently representative of the receiver in a low noise level quiet state. External L_{A90} levels for planning must be established as per the long-term methodology in Fact Sheet B of the NPfI unless otherwise agreed by the City's Area Planning Manager.

Reason

To protect the acoustic amenity of surrounding properties.

(29) NOISE – COMMERCIAL PLANT / INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT

- (a) Noise from commercial plant and industrial development must not exceed a project amenity/intrusiveness noise level or maximum noise level in accordance with relevant requirements of the NSW EPA [Noise Policy for Industry 2017 \(NPfI\)](#) unless agreed to by the City's Area Planning Manager. Further:
 - (i) Background noise monitoring must be carried out in accordance with the long-term methodology in [Fact Sheet B](#) of the NPfI unless otherwise agreed by the City's Area Planning Manager.
 - (ii) Commercial plant is limited to heating, ventilation, air conditioning, refrigeration and energy generation equipment.
- (b) An $L_{Aeq, 15 \text{ minute}}$ (noise level) emitted from the development must not exceed the $L_{A90, 15 \text{ minute}}$ (background noise level) by more than 3dB when assessed inside any habitable room of any affected residence or noise sensitive commercial premises at any time. Further:

- (i) The noise level and the background noise level must both be measured with all external doors and windows of the affected residence closed.
 - (ii) Background noise measurements must not include noise from the development but may include noise from necessary ventilation at the affected premises.
- (c) Corrections in [Fact Sheet C](#) of the NPfl are applicable to relevant noise from the development measured in accordance with this condition, however duration corrections are excluded from commercial noise.

Reason

To protect the acoustic amenity of surrounding properties.

(30) NO SPEAKERS OR MUSIC OUTSIDE

Speakers and/or noise amplification equipment must not be installed and music must not be played in any of the outdoor areas associated with the premises including the public domain. Speakers located within the premises must not be placed so as to direct the playing of music towards the outdoor areas associated with the premises.

Reason

To safeguard the amenity of the surrounding neighbourhood.

(31) PLAN OF MANAGEMENT

The use must always be operated / managed in accordance with the Plan of Management, prepared by Planning Lab signed and dated 13 June 2023 (Trim reference no: 2023/376241) that has been approved by Council. In the event of any inconsistency, the conditions of this consent will prevail over the Plan of Management.

Reason

To ensure all parties are aware of the approved supporting documentation that applies to the development.

(32) SURVEILLANCE CAMERAS

- (a) CCTV surveillance cameras must be strategically installed, operated and maintained throughout the premises with particular coverage to:
 - (i) principal entrance/s and exits;
 - (ii) all areas within the premise occupied by the public (excluding toilets);
 - (iii) staircases in multilevel premises; and
 - (iv) the area within a 10m radius external to the public entrance(s) to the premise.

- (b) Suitable and clearly visible signage must be displayed at the principal entrance(s) to the premise and in a prominent position on each floor accessible to the public, in lettering not less than 50mm in height with the words "Closed Circuit Television in use on these premises".
- (c) All CCTV recording equipment and cameras must be of high grade digital quality capable of establishing the population and identification of patrons, offenders and incidents within the depth of field view of the cameras. In this respect each surveillance camera must be capable of recording a minimum rate of 10 frames per second and at high resolution.
- (d) CCTV recording discs or hard drive recordings must be retained for 28 days before being re-used, destroyed or deleted. Time and date must be auto recorded on the disc or hard drive. The CCTV recording equipment must be capable of reproducing a CD, DVD, USB or other appropriate digital copy of recorded footage on demand of Council or Police Officers either immediately or within 12 hours of the request being made. Stored digital copies of CCTV recordings must be handed to Council, Police Officer or Special Inspectors as required.
- (e) All CCTV recording devices and cameras must be checked daily to ensure the equipment is operating correctly. The Licensee must record this daily checking activity in the security/incident register book that meets the standards required by the Licensing Police and Council. If it is discovered at any time that the equipment is not in full operating order all reasonable steps must be taken to repair the system as soon as practicable. Where the system will not be functioning in full operating order for a period of longer than 24 hours the manager/licensee is to notify the relevant Local Area Commander of the NSW Police.
- (f) All CCTV recording devices and cameras must be operated at all times when the premises are open to the public and, where premises do not operate 24 hours a day, continuously for at least 1 hour prior to opening and closing times of the premises.
- (g) The CCTV recording device must be secured within the premises and only be accessible to senior management personnel so as to maintain the integrity of the recorded footage. When the premises is operating there must be at least one staff member present at the premises who is authorised to access the CCTV system and able to immediately review recordings and produce copies.
- (h) Camera views are not to be obstructed by temporary or permanent structures, signage or other impediments.

Reason

To ensure the safety and security of staff, patrons and the surrounding neighbourhood is adequately monitored and maintained.

(33) COPIES OF CONSENTS AND MANAGEMENT PLANS

A full and current copy of all current development consents for the operation of the licensed premises, and the Plan of Management and the Security Management Plan must be kept on-site and made available to Police or Council Officers, or Special Investigator upon request.

Reason

To ensure all relevant approved documents are available on-site upon request.

(34) REMOVAL OF GLASS

Patrons must be prevented from removing glasses, opened cans, bottles or alcohol from the premises (except from any approved bottle shop area) or approved outdoor dining area included in the boundaries of the licensed premises.

Reason

To reduce waste generation within the public domain and to safeguard the amenity of the surrounding neighbourhood.

(35) NOISE FROM GLASS REMOVAL

Glass must not be emptied or transferred from one receptacle to another anywhere in a public place. All glass must be emptied / transferred inside of the building on the premises and removed in containers.

Reason

To safeguard the amenity of the surrounding neighbourhood.

(36) NEIGHBOURHOOD AMENITY

- (a) Signs must be placed in clearly visible positions within the premises requesting patrons upon leaving the premises to do so quickly and quietly, having regard to maintaining the amenity of the area. The signage must be in bold letters not less than 25mm in height on a contrasting background.
- (b) The management/licensee must ensure that the behaviour of patrons entering and leaving the premises does not detrimentally affect the amenity of the neighbourhood.

Reason

To safeguard the amenity of the surrounding neighbourhood.

(37) SECURITY AND QUEUING – CATEGORY A LICENSED PREMISES

- (a) Security guards are to be provided at the premises on each day of the week from 8pm at a minimum ratio of 1 security staff member to 100 patrons or part thereof.

- (b) When more than two (2) security officers are employed at the premises, the security officer(s) not stationed at the entrance are to continually patrol the premises and the area in the vicinity of the premises to ensure that patrons do not loiter or linger in the area or cause nuisance or annoyance to the neighbourhood.
- (c) Uniformed licensed security officers must have direct contact with the duty manager via portable radio or mobile phone.
- (d) Security personnel must remain at the premises for at least 30 minutes after closing and must assist in ensuring that patrons leave quietly.
- (e) All licensed security officers whilst employed at the premises are to wear clearly identifiable security attire at all times, with the word "SECURITY" clearly identifiable in bold print at least 100mm high, on the front and back.
- (f) The licensee must ensure whenever security personnel are engaged; a register stating the security officer's full name, security licence number, start date and time, finish date and time and signature is kept and produced to police upon request.
- (g) Management staff at the venue must ensure that a clear footway width is maintained at all times along all footpaths immediately adjoining the premises. Patrons waiting to enter the premises must queue along the immediate frontage of the premises. The queue must not obstruct any fire exit of any building or entrance to any other premises.
- (h) When more than one security guard is on duty, security officers and management must communicate by hand held radios at all times.

Reason

To ensure the safety and security of staff, patrons and the surrounding neighbourhood is adequately monitored and maintained.

(38) QUEUING

No persons are to be permitted to queue outside the premises at any time. Security officers are to ensure that there is no queue for the premises and take all reasonable steps to ensure compliance with this condition.

Reason

To safeguard the amenity of the surrounding neighbourhood.

(39) CESSATION OF SERVICE

The premises may be open for business only between the operating hours in condition 27 above. The operator must cease providing food/alcohol/entertainment at the premises 15 minutes before the required closing time.

Reason

To ensure the development operates within the approved hours of operation.

(40) INCIDENTS – RECORDING AND NOTIFICATION

The manager/licensee must ensure that all incidents involving staff members (including security personnel) are recorded in the incident register maintained on site, including incidents involving physical contact between staff and patrons, physical restraint of patrons and/or the ejection of patrons from the premises.

Reason

To safeguard the amenity of staff, patrons and the surrounding neighbourhood.

(41) STAFF IDENTIFICATION

- (a) The licensee must ensure that staff wear name tags and/or uniforms identifying themselves to patrons and authorities that they are working at the premises.
- (b) The licensee must ensure that there is a public display in the reception area clearly identifying the manager on duty, with the name and the photograph of the person in charge of the venue at any given time.

Reason

To ensure staff are identifiable to patrons.

(42) VISION PANELS TO KARAOKE ROOMS

Clear and unobstructed glass panels must be provided and maintained in or immediately next to the door of each karaoke room to permit supervision by the licensee/management and staff. The glass panels must be no less than 250mm in width and 250mm in height. They are to be located no less than 1.4 metres and no more than 1.6 metres from the floor and so located as to enable vision of the entire room.

Reason

To safeguard the amenity of patrons.

(43) KARAOKE ROOMS - WAITER SERVICE

- (a) The licensee/management must not sell or supply liquor to patrons inside karaoke rooms other than by waiter service.
- (b) The licensee/management must ensure that signage is located at the point of sale for the information of patrons to indicate that "LIQUOR MAY ONLY BE SOLD OR SUPPLIED BY WAITER SERVICE TO PATRONS INSIDE KARAOKE ROOMS". The wording of this sign must not be less than 50mm high in clear bold print.

Reason

To ensure the premises operates consistently with a liquor license.

(44) KARAOKE - IDENTIFICATION OF DUTY MANAGER

The premises must publicly display in the reception area a notice board indicating clearly the Owner or Manager on duty with a photograph of the manager not less than 100mm square with their name in clear bold print underneath, not less than 10mm high in clear bold print. Above the photograph should be displayed the words "Manager on Duty" in clear bold print, not less than 20mm high. As the Duty Managers change, the notice board must be changed and kept up to date at all times.

Reason

To ensure the safety and security of staff, patrons and the surrounding neighbourhood is adequately monitored and maintained.

(45) KARAOKE – SIGNAGE

The licensee must ensure signs are permanently displayed in each karaoke room stating "Liquor must not be sold or supplied to persons under the age of eighteen (18) years".

Reason

To ensure the premises operates consistently with the liquor license.

(46) WASTE/RECYCLING COLLECTION - COMMERCIAL

- (a) Waste storage and the collection of waste and recycling must only occur during the designated zone collection times as outlined in the City's Waste Policy – Local Approvals Policy for Managing Waste in Public Places 2017.
- (b) Waste and recycling bins must not be placed on the street for collection. Services must be conducted within the property boundary or as a wheel-out/wheel-back service.
- (c) Unimpeded access must be provided for collection vehicles to set down within 10 metres of waste storage areas during zone collection times on collection days.

Reason

To ensure that waste and recycling is appropriately managed.

(47) MECHANICAL VENTILATION – ONGOING MAINTENANCE AND CLEANING

- (a) A written Maintenance and Cleaning Plan of Management must be kept on the premises and be available to an officer of Council upon request. This plan must be produced detailing the methods and procedures required to maintain the filtration and odour control system(s) in accordance with manufacturer's specifications, in a clean condition, and in satisfactory working order. The maintenance and cleaning management plan must include the following:
 - (i) What type of maintenance and cleaning procedures are to be followed, and at what frequency;

- (ii) Emergency maintenance and risk management associated with a failure in the system; and
 - (iii) The contact person/s details for emergency maintenance;
- (b) A service log that shows compliance with the written Maintenance and Cleaning Plan of Management in (a) above regarding the cleaning and maintenance of the filtration and odour control system(s) must be produced and completed accordingly when maintenance and servicing occurs. This service log must be kept updated and kept on the premises at all times and be available to an officer of Council upon request.

Reason

To ensure the mechanical ventilation is maintained and cleaned appropriately.

(48) ANNUAL FIRE SAFETY STATEMENT FORM

An annual Fire Safety Statement must be given to Council and Rescue NSW commencing within 12 months after the date on which the Fire Safety Certificate is issued or the use commencing, whichever is earlier.

Reason

To ensure annual checks on fire safety measures.

(49) ON SITE LOADING AREAS AND OPERATION

All loading and unloading operations associated with servicing the site must be carried out within the confines of the site, at all times and must not obstruct other properties/units or the public way.

At all times the service vehicle docks, car parking spaces and access driveways must be kept clear of goods and must not be used for storage purposes, including garbage storage.

Reason

To maintain the orderly operation of vehicle parking areas and to ensure the public domain is kept free from physical obstructions.

SCHEDULE 2

PRESCRIBED CONDITIONS

The prescribed conditions in accordance with Division 8A of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021* apply:

- Clause 69 Compliance with *National Construction Code (previously known as Building Code of Australia)* and insurance requirements under the *Home Building Act 1989*
- Clause 70 Erection of signs
- Clause 71 Notification of *Home Building Act 1989* requirements
- Clause 72 Conditions relating to entertainment venues
- Clause 73 Conditions relating to maximum capacity signage
- Clause 74 Conditions relating to shoring and adequacy of adjoining property

Refer to the NSW State legislation for full text of the clauses under Division 2 conditions of development consent of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021*. This can be accessed at: <http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au>

